



IS-IS Segment Routing Configuration Guide

Version 2019.1.0, 11 December 2019

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1. Introduction

Segment Routing (SR) allows for a flexible definition of end-to-end paths within IGP topologies by encoding paths as sequences of topological sub-paths, called "segments". These "segments" need to be advertised by a routing protocol such as IS-IS. Prefix segments represent a shortest-path to a prefix (or a node), as per the state of the IGP topology. Adjacency segments represent a hop over a specific adjacency between two nodes in the IGP.

1.1. Supported Hardware

- Edgecore AS5916-XKS
- RBFS Virtual Service Router

1.2. Guidelines and Limitations

- Support only Prefix SID with Node Flag, that is, SID can be configured only on Loopback interfaces.
- Support only for configuration of single SRGB block.

1.3. Prerequisites

- All the nodes in the network are SR enabled. So, if the intermediate router has no SR enabled, the previous SR-enabled router will not install SID for that node. So, the path can be incomplete.

1.4. System Overview

This section shows the interaction of this ISIS-SR feature with various daemons in RBFS. The figure below shows the interaction on with respect to this feature.

CONFD	<p>Confd is RBFS configuration daemon. It stores ISIS SR configurations. ISIS IOD and ISIS APPD daemons subscribes for the following configuration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ISIS SR enable/disable information. • Global SRGB configuration. • Segment Index for loopback interfaces.
HALD	<p>ISIS IOD interacts with HALD to send and receive ISIS packets. All ISIS SR related information is sent and received from other routers through HALD.</p>

FWDD	ISIS APPD interacts with FWDD to download the SR routes. FWDD subscribes labeled unicast table with ISIS APPD.
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2. Configuring Segment Routing for IS-IS Protocol

Segment routing on the IS-IS control plane supports the following:

- IPv4 control plane
- Level 1 and level 2 routing
- Prefix SIDs for host prefixes on loopback interfaces

To configure segment routing for the IS-IS protocol, perform the following steps:

1. Enter into the IS-IS default instance mode, and enable IS-IS routing for the specified routing instance.

```
root@is-is-router:confd> edit instance red
[ instance red ]
root@is-is-router:confd> edit protocol isis
[ instance red protocol isis ]
```

2. Enter into the IS-IS configuration mode.

```
root@rtbrick:confd> edit instance protocol isis
[ instance protocol isis ]
```

3. Configure SRGB (base label and range).

```
[ instance protocol isis ]
set segment-routing srgb start-label <base-value> index-range
<range-value>
```

4. Configure index (either ipv4 or ipv6) on an interface.

```
[ instance protocol isis ]
set interface <ifl-name> segment-routing <ipv4 | ipv6> index <sid-value>
```

For more information about the configuration and show commands, see the chapters below.

3. Configuration Commands

3.1. Instance Level Commands

- srgb start-label

3.1.1. srgb start-label

This command assigns a segment routing SRGB global block.

Syntax

```
set instance protocol isis segment-routing srgb start-label <base-value> index-range <range-value>
```

Command arguments

<base-value>	SRGB Start Label
<index-range>	SRGB range value

Command modes

```
[instance protocol isis]
```

Example

The following example shows how to configure SRGB with start-label 5000 and index-range 100. The start label of the label block is 5000 and the end of the label block is 5099.



The SRGB label values 0 to 15 are reserved.

```
[ ]
root@rtbrick:confd> edit instance protocol isis

[ instance protocol isis ]
root@rtbrick:confd> set segment-routing start-label 5000 index-range 100
```

To delete the operation that you performed, enter the following command:

```
delete instance isisvrf protocol isis segment-routing srgb
```

3.2. Interface Level Commands

- segment-routing index

3.2.1. segment-routing index

This command assigns a label from the configured global SRGB range for address assigned to this interface.

Syntax

```
set instance protocol isis interface <ifl-name> segment-routing <ipv4 | ipv6>
index <sid-value>
```

Command arguments

<ifl-name>	Interface name
<ipv4 ipv6>	Specifies ipv4 or ipv6 address family
<sid-value>	Segment routing index from the SRGB range assigned to this interface

Command modes

```
[instance protocol isis]
[instance protocol isis interface <ifl-name>]
```

Example

```
[ ]
root@rtbrick:confd> edit instance protocol isis
[ instance protocol isis ]
root@rtbrick:confd> edit interface lo-0/0/0/1/0

[ instance protocol isis interface lo-0/0/0/1/0 ]
root@rtbrick:confd> set segment-routing ipv4 index 100
```

To delete the operation that you performed, enter the following command:

```
delete instance protocol isis interface <ifl-name> segment-routing <ipv4 |
ipv6> index
```

4. Show Commands

- show isis overview
- show isis route

4.1. show isis overview

You can use this command to view the IS-IS SRGB-related information.

Syntax

show isis overview

Example

```
ubuntu@blr:~$ rtb isis.iod.1 show isis overview
Instance: default
  System-ID: 1921.6800.1002, Areas: 49.0001/24
  SRGB start-label: 100, index-range: 100
  Neighbor Hold Time: 30000ms, LSP Lifetime Interval: 65535ms
  System OverLoad: false, System OverLoad Timeout: 60000ms
  Current Up Neighbors Count : 2, Neighbors Flap Count : 0
ubuntu@blr:~$
```

4.2. show isis route

This command displays all the labelled unicast (SR) prefixes for the IPv4 Address Family Identifiers (AFI).

Syntax

show isis route instance <instance-name> <afi> <safi>

Command arguments

<instance-name>	Name of the instance
<afi>	IPv4 Address Family Identifier (AFI)
<safi>	Subsequent address family identifier (unicast labeled-unicast multicast)

Command modes

```
rtb isis.appd
```

Example

```
ubuntu@blr:~/development/libisis$ rtb isis.appd.1 show isis route
instance default ipv4 unicast
Table: default.isis.fib-local.ipv4.unicast
Prefix Metric Nexthop
12.1.1.0/24 10 via local
23.1.1.0/24 10 via local
2.2.2.2/32 10 via local
ubuntu@blr:~/development/libisis$
```

4.3. show isis database

This command displays the entries in the IS-IS link-state database.

Syntax

show isis database <level 1 | 2> detail

show isis database instance <instance name>

Command arguments

<level 1 2>	Displays the IS-IS link-state database entries for the specified IS-IS level
<instance name>	Displays the IS-IS link-state database entries for the specified instance

Example

```

ubuntu@blr:~/development/libisis$ rtb isis.iod.1 show isis database
detail
1921.6800.1001.00-00, Instance: default, Level: 1
Sequence no: 0x3, Checksum: 0x8, Remaining Lifetime: 65534ms
Attached bit: 0, Overload bit: 0
Last received time: 2019-12-10T14:45:15.610799+0530
Expiry time: expires in 17h 58m 4s 672416us
Supported Protocols:
Protocol supported: IPv6
Protocol supported: IPv4
Neighbor List:
Node ID: 1921.6800.1002.00, Metric: 10
IPv4 Prefix List:
Prefix: 12.1.1.0/24, Metric: 10
Prefix: 1.1.1.1/32, Metric: 10
IPv6 Prefix List:
SRGB List:
1921.6800.1003.00-00, Instance: default, Level: 1
Sequence no: 0x3, Checksum: 0xd, Remaining Lifetime: 65534ms
Attached bit: 0, Overload bit: 0
Last received time: 2019-12-10T14:45:15.610884+0530
Expiry time: expires in 17h 58m 4s 671564us
Supported Protocols:
Protocol supported: IPv6
Protocol supported: IPv4
Neighbor List:
Node ID: 1921.6800.1002.00, Metric: 10
IPv4 Prefix List:
Prefix: 23.1.1.0/24, Metric: 10
Prefix: 3.3.3.3/32, Metric: 10
IPv6 Prefix List:
SRGB List:
1921.6800.1002.00-00, Instance: default, Level: 1
Sequence no: 0x5, Checksum: 0xb, Remaining Lifetime: 65535ms
Attached bit: 0, Overload bit: 0
Last received time: 2019-12-10T14:47:07.340859+0530
Expiry time: expires in 17h 59m 57s 400741us
Supported Protocols:
Protocol supported: IPv6
Protocol supported: IPv4
Neighbor List:
Node ID: 1921.6800.1001.00, Metric: 10
Node ID: 1921.6800.1003.00, Metric: 10
IPv4 Prefix List:
Prefix: 12.1.1.0/24, Metric: 10
Prefix: 23.1.1.0/24, Metric: 10
Prefix: 2.2.2.2/32, Metric: 10, Segment-Index: 10, Flags: Node
IPv6 Prefix List:
SRGB List:
SRGB start-label: 100, index-range: 100

```